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TRICARE CHANGE #: C-23

CHAMPVA POLICY MANUAL

CHAPTER: 2 SECTION: 26.10

TITLE: RADIONUCLIDE IMAGING PROCEDURES

AUTHORITY: 38 CFR 17.270(a) and 17.272(a)

RELATED AUTHORITY: 32 CFR 199.4(b)(2)(vii) and (c)(2)(ix)

I. EFFECTIVE DATE

October 12, 1984

II. PROCEDURE CODE(S)

78000-79999

III. POLICY

- A. Radionuclide imaging is covered when medically appropriate; however, the following procedures are seldom indicated and require special written justification:
- 1. 78070 Parathyroid Nuclear imaging Computerized Tomography (CT) is superior to radionuclide parathyroid imaging, including its use with selenium-75 selenomethionine.
- 2. 78299 GI Nuclear Procedure Radionuclide liver function study with hepatobiliary agents, with probe technique when available, computer-assisted radionuclide liver function study is superior.
- 3. 78299 GI Nuclear Procedure Radionuclide pancreas imaging Computerized tomography and ultrasound are superior to radionuclide pancreas imaging, including its use with selenium-75 selenomethionine.
- 4. 78299 GI Nuclear Procedure Gastrointestinal fat absorption with radioiodinated triolein Surpassed by other studies.
- 5. 78704 Imaging Renogram Radionuclide kidney imaging with function study (i.e., imaging renogram) When available, computer-assisted renal scintigraphy study is superior to radionuclide kidney imaging with function study, including its use with I-131 hippuran and external scintillation probes.

- B. Indium¹¹¹ Pentetreotide (Octreoscan) Scintigraphy is covered for:
- 1. The localization and monitoring of treatment of primary and metastatic neuroendocrine tumors.
- 2. Other indications when documented by reliable evidence as safe, effective, and comparable or superior to standard care (proven).

END OF POLICY